

The background features a large, faint watermark of the Lafayette University seal. The seal is circular and contains a portrait of a man in profile, facing left. The text "UNIVERSITY OF LAFAYETTE" is written around the top inner edge, and "1826" is at the bottom. The seal is centered behind the main title.

VSCADA Preliminary Design Report

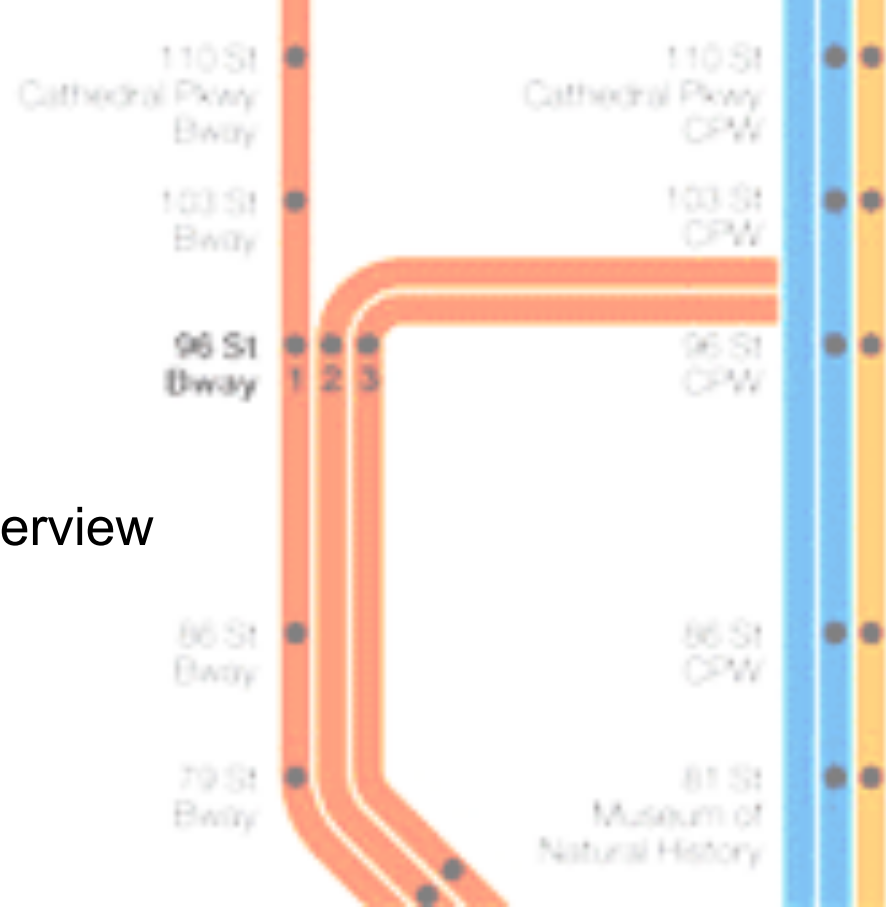
PDR Covering the LFEV Software Design

LAFAYETTE

1826

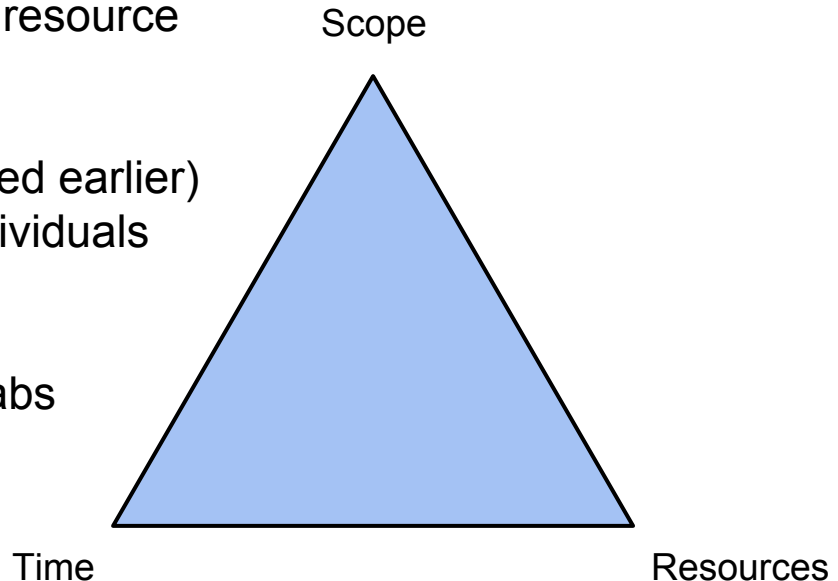
Road Map

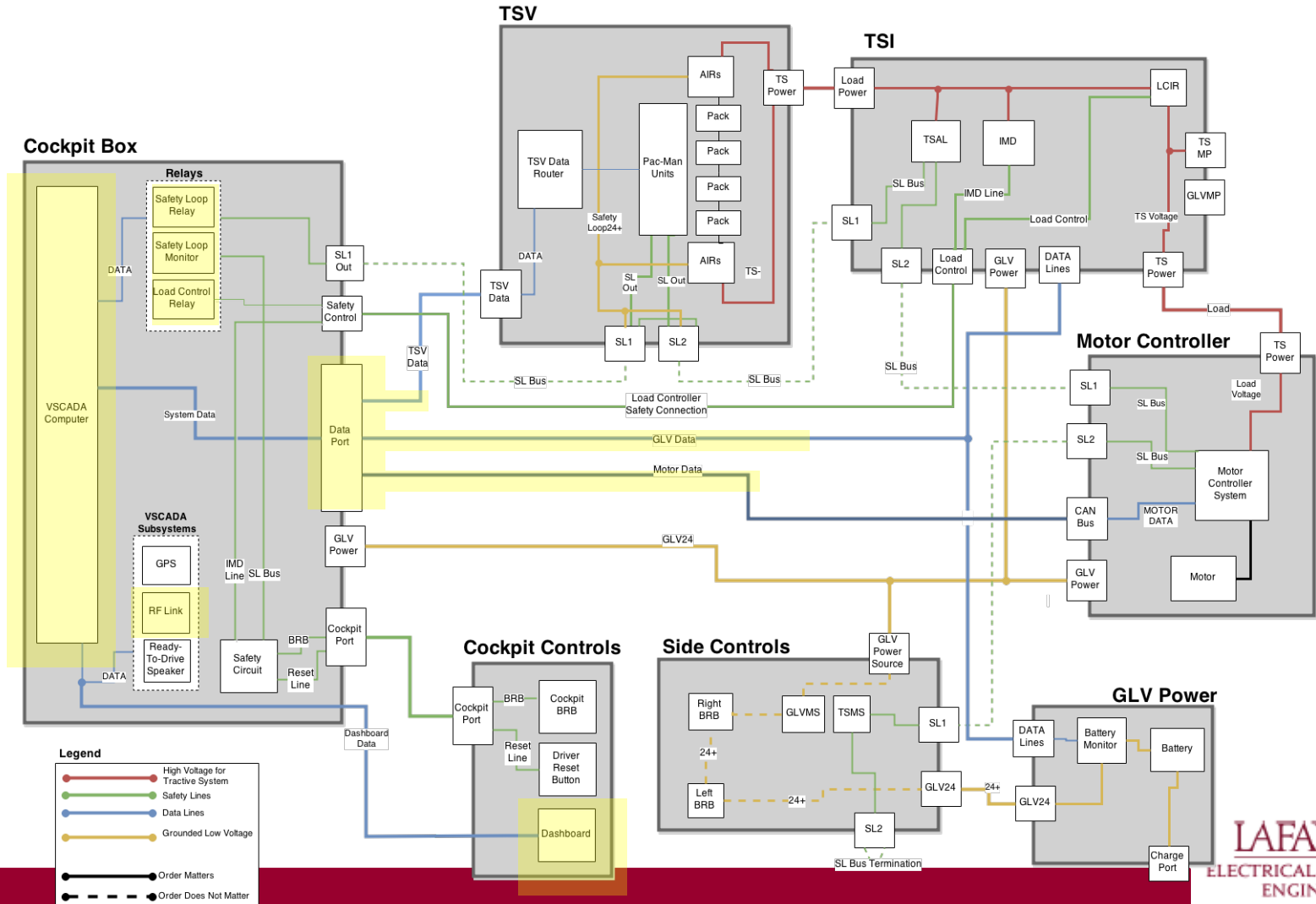
- Resource Availability
- Project Overview
- Risk Assessment
- Requirements Analysis
- System Design and Subsystem Overview
- Interface
- System Control States
- System Test Plan
- Software Maintainability Plan
- Cost Analysis
- Team Schedule Overview



Resource Availability

- Need to find a balance of the three resource components
- Time:
 - Limited time (need to be finished earlier)
 - Flexible schedule between individuals
- Resources
 - ~\$1000
 - 24 hours available computer labs
 - Advice from Professors
 - Design from previous years
- Scope
 - Need to be cut down
 - Major structure done in week 9
 - Other requirements can be addressed later





- Legend**
- High Voltage for Tractive System
 - Safety Lines
 - Data Lines
 - Grounded Low Voltage
 - Order Matters
 - Order Does Not Matter

VSCADA Interface

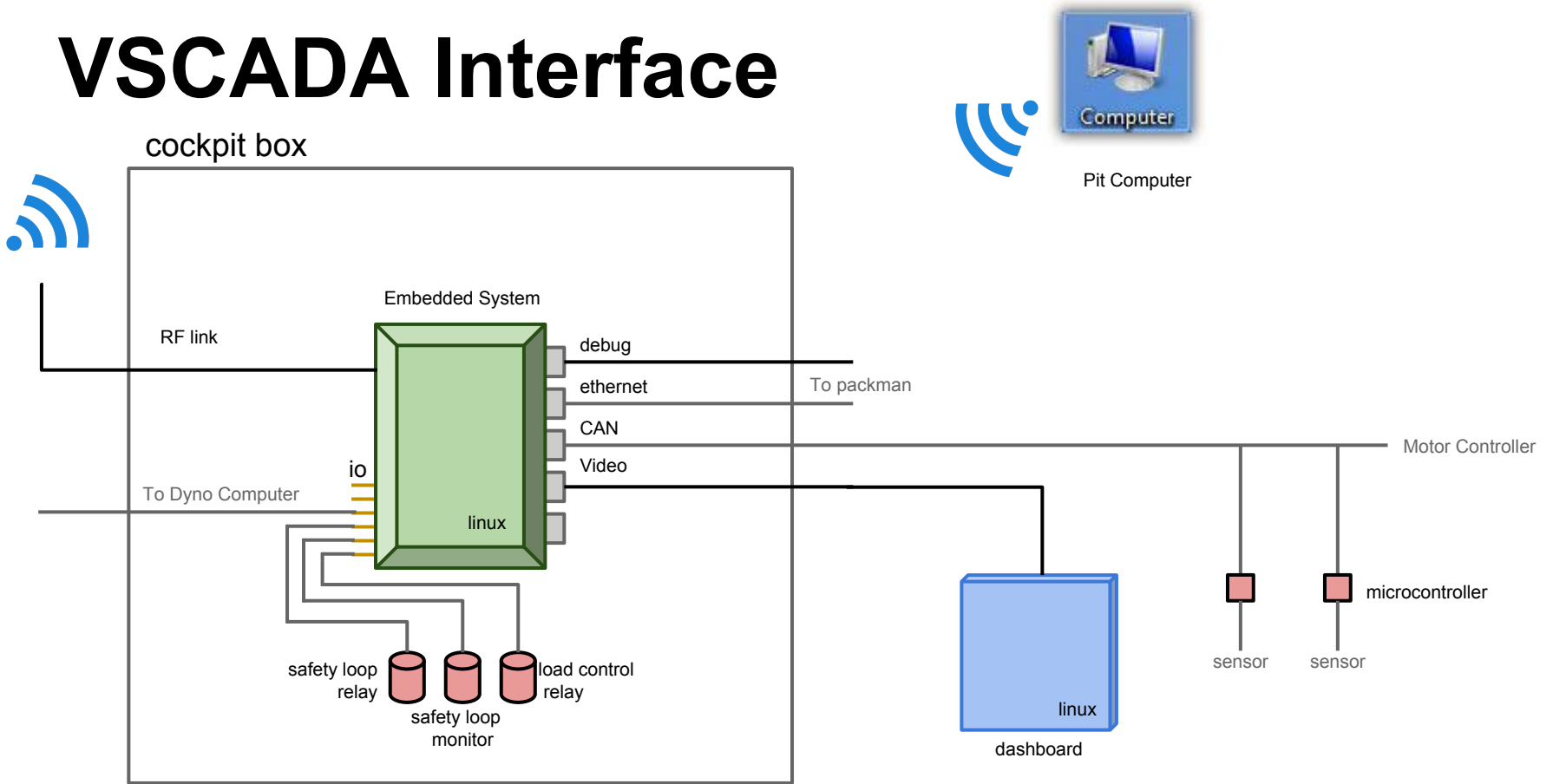


image reference: github, microsoft

Deliverable

- Maintenance Mode
 - Minimal restriction, ability to overwrite config files
- Drive Mode
 - Minimal display, load and clear
- Demonstration Mode
 - Pre-programmed, labelled “Demo”
- API
- SDK
- Database
- Datalogging
- Configuration management, no recompile



Requirements Out of Scope

- Mobile App (~S009)
- Automatic Hardware Configuration (still check for sensors) (S017)
- GPS (S034)
- Long-term shutdown mode (S023)
- Plug-in and forget charging (S025)
- Plot data (S038)
- Dynamometer data acquisition (S042)
- Automated Charging of TSV (S013)
- Pre-Charge Discharge Circuits (EV 4.9)



Recycle Bin

Risk Assessment

- Coding Style
- Maintenance mode
- Warning/Fault Detection
- On-board Computer Handling
- Project Physical & Mental Health Effects



Requirements Analysis

- Back End Software
 - GLVIS - Grounded Low Voltage Interface Software
 - TSVIS - Tractive System Voltage Interface Software
 - MIS - Motoro Interface Software
 - DB - Data Base
 - DAA - Data Acquisition and Analysis
- DOC - Documentation
- Front End Software
 - UI- User Interface
 - Comm - Communication

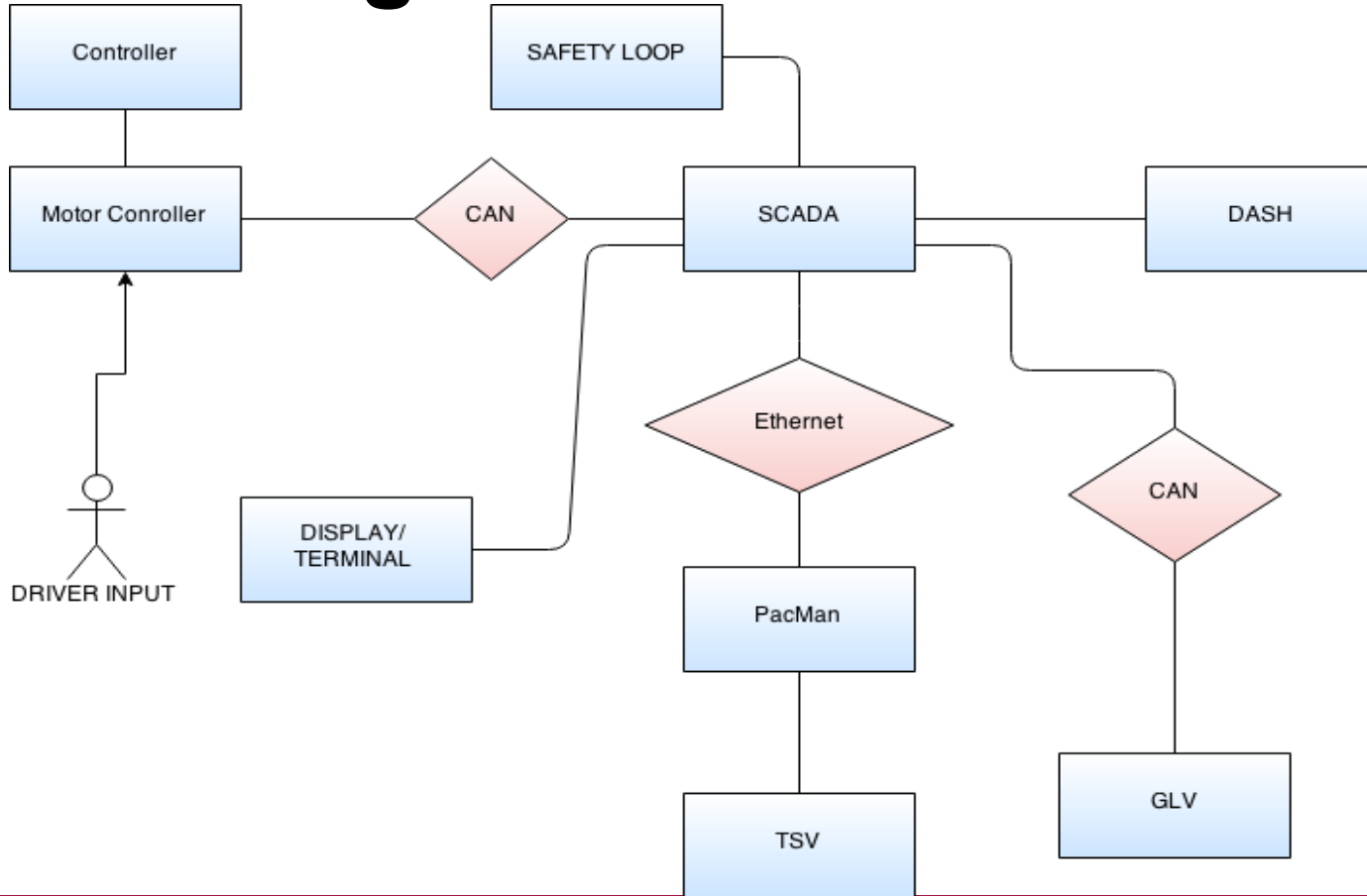


System Design

- VSCADA gathers information from other systems in electric vehicle and monitors these systems.
- Communicate with three different systems.
 - TSV(PacMan) using Ethernet
 - GLV using CAN bus protocol
 - Dyno(Motor Controller) using CAN bus protocol
- Safety loop is also included in case of emergency and system shut down.
- Operates on Linux OS.



System Design Overview



System Hierarchical BreakDown

- VSCADA is divided into two subsystems frontend and backend.
- Backend and Frontend are further divided into smaller subsystems.

Frontend (User Interface)

- Dashboard Interface
- ~~Mobile Interface~~
- Pit Station Interface
- Maintenance Mode
- Drive Mode
- Demo Mode



Backend

- Data Acquisition
- Vehicle control
- DataBase
- Computer System



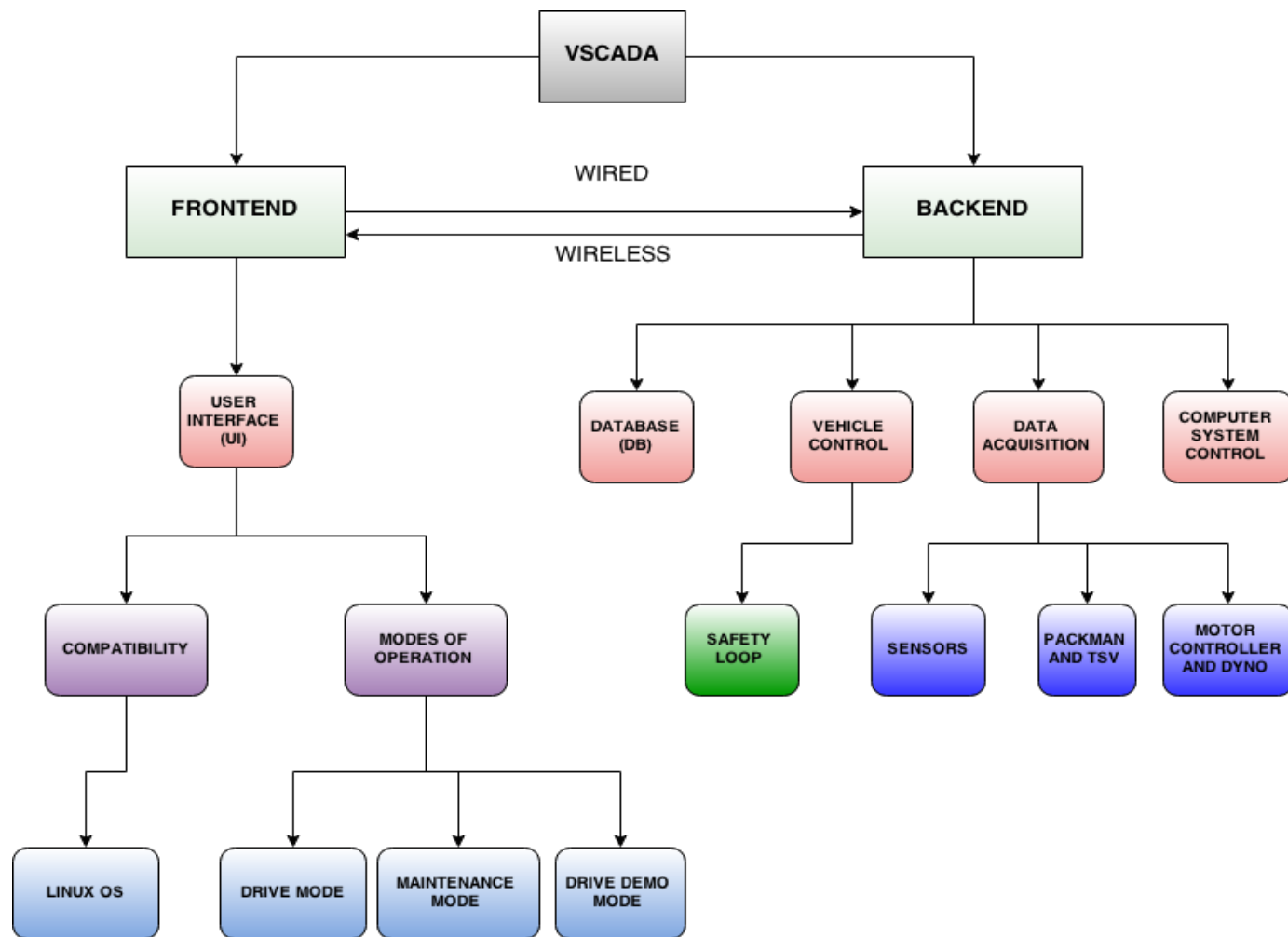


Fig. 2. System Hierarchical Breakdown

Interface

TSV

General Sensor Interface

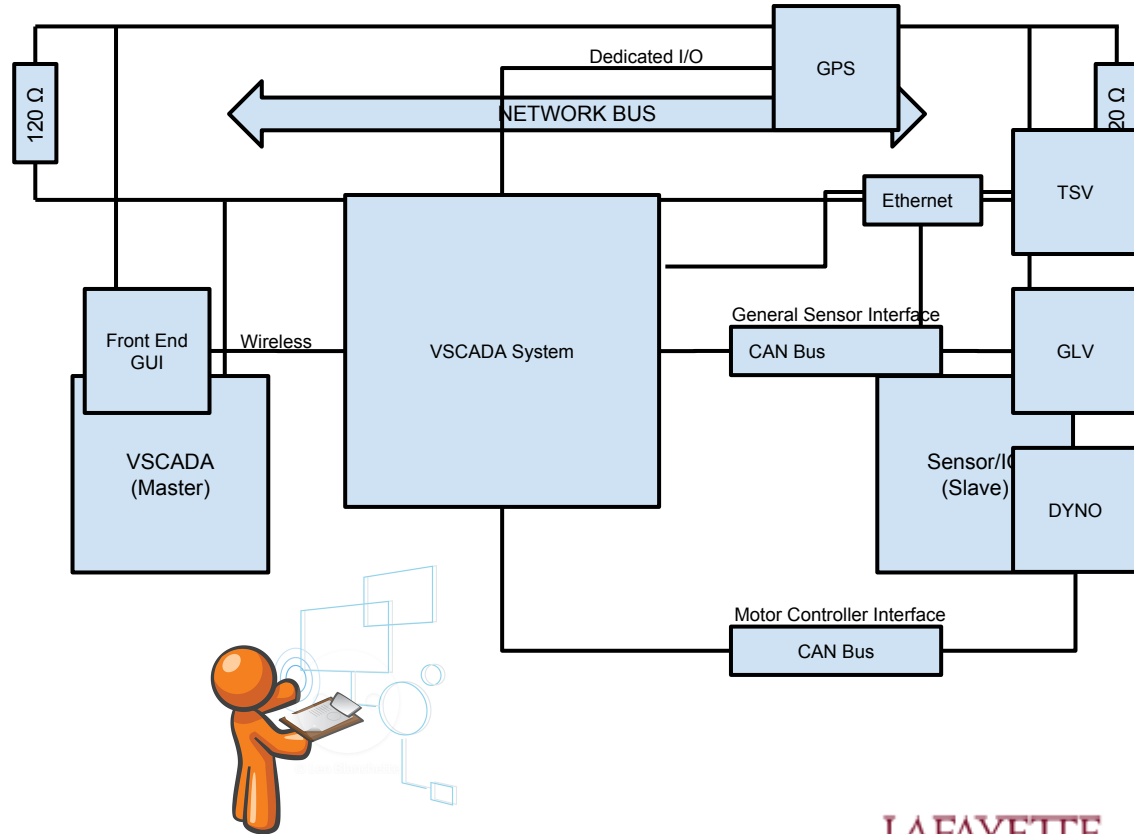
GLV

General Sensor Interface

DYNO

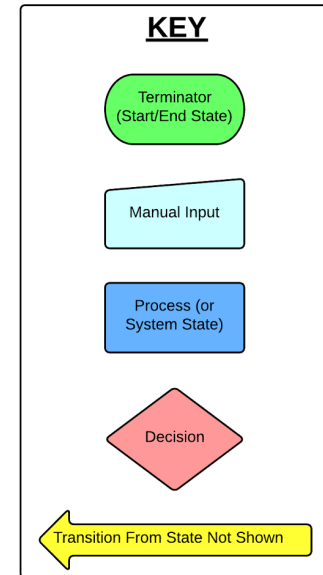
General Sensor Interface

Motor Controller (CAN)

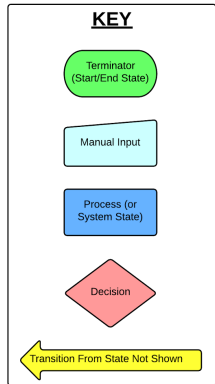
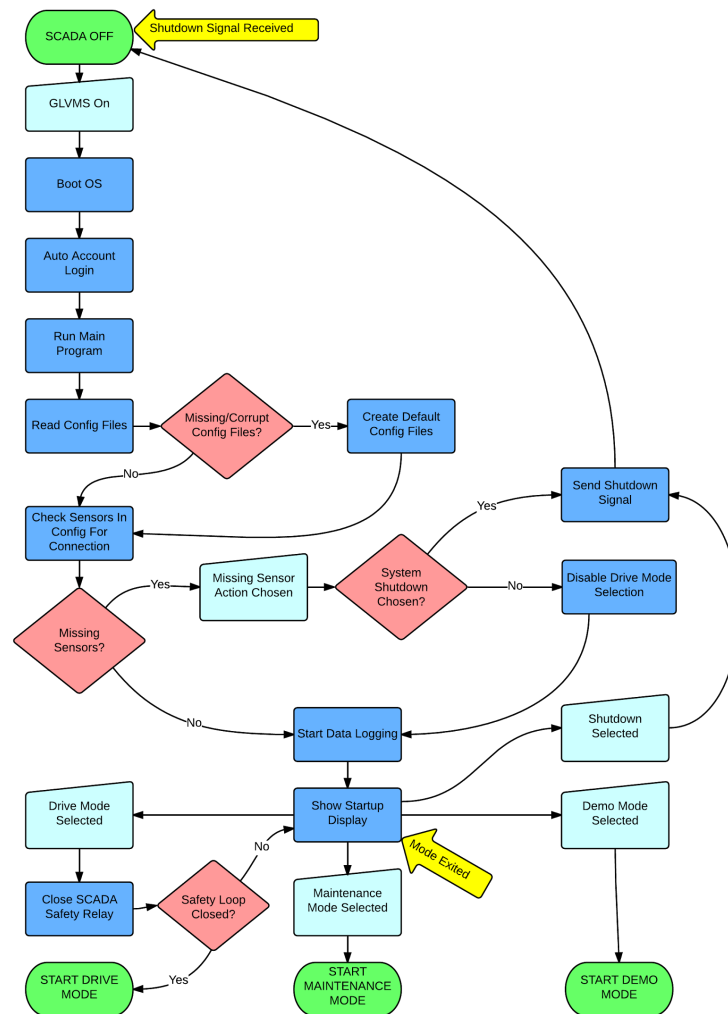


System Control States

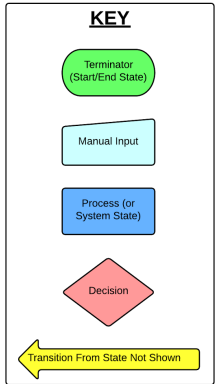
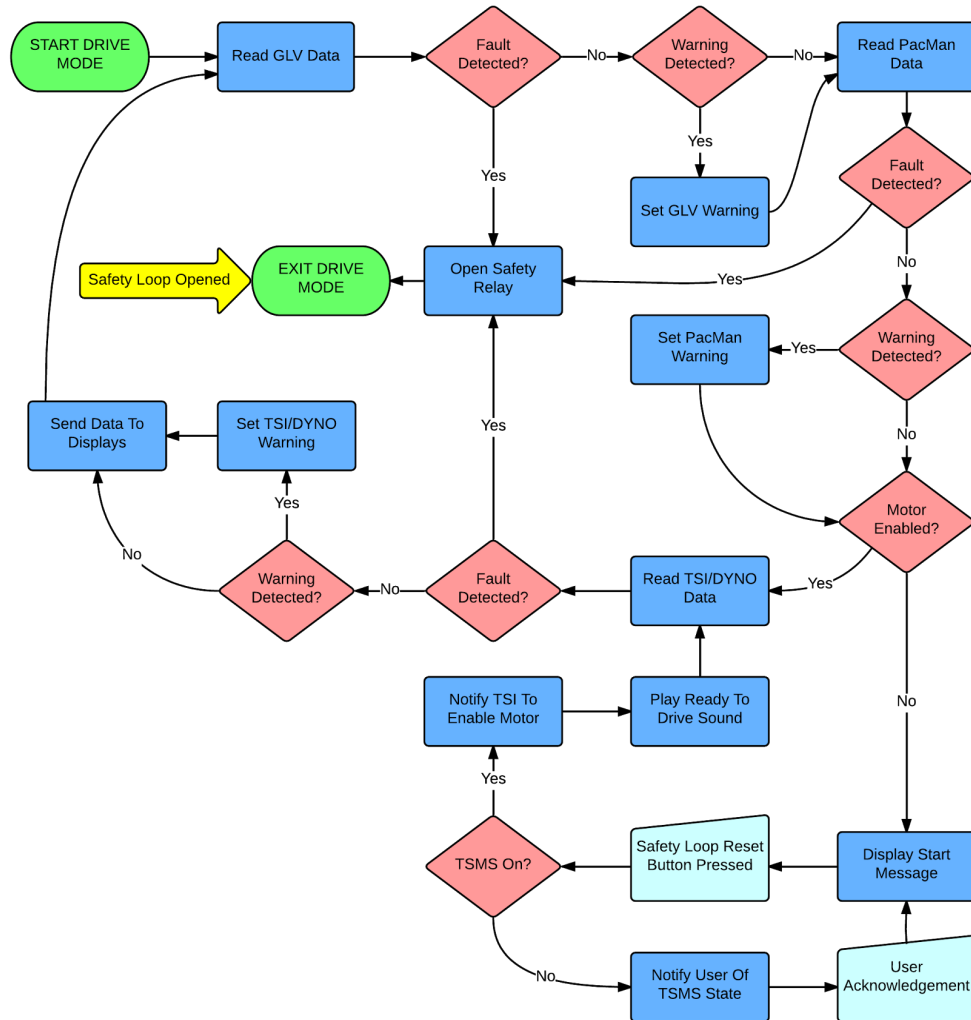
- Flowcharts created represent:
 - System Startup Logic
 - Drive Mode
 - Maintenance Mode
 - Demonstration Mode



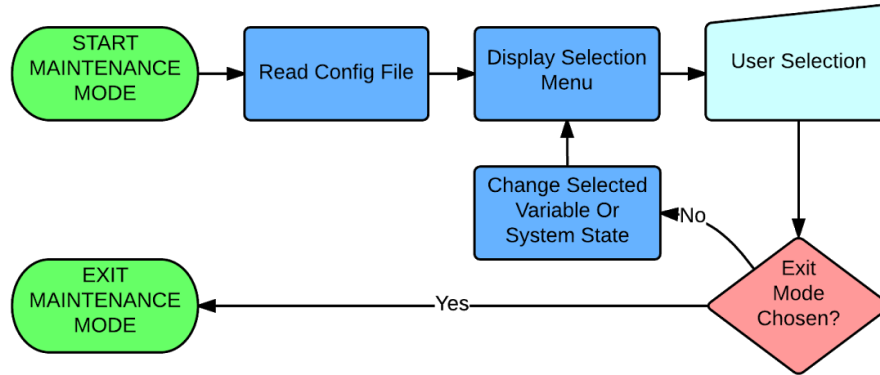
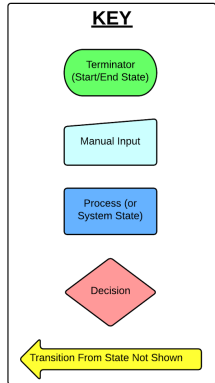
Startup States



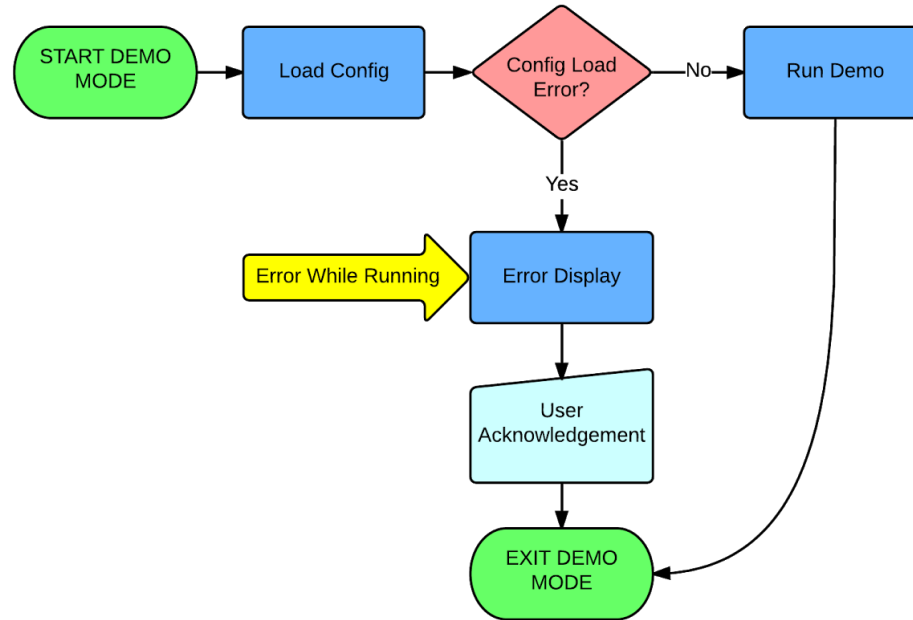
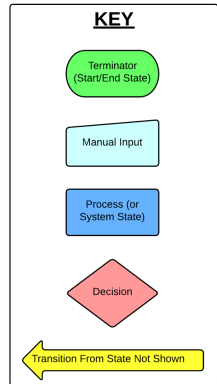
Drive Mode States



Maintenance Mode States



Demonstration Mode States



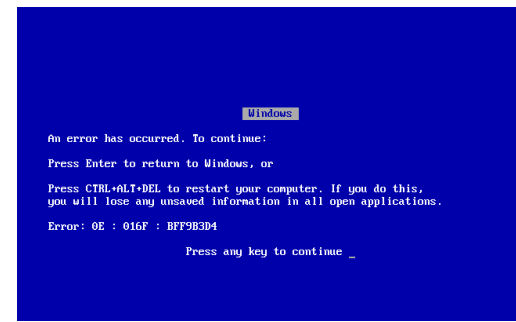
Acceptance Test Strategy

- Show that all requirements are met
- High-level outline to be expanded into ATP
- Compliance can be proved by
 - Analysis
 - Inspection
 - Test



ATP Test Outlines

- T000 - System Startup Test
 - Tests successful VSCADA startup on GLV power without human interaction
- T001 - TSV Communication Test
 - Tests communication of VSCADA with Pacman using 2014 protocol
- T002 - System Failure Recovery Test
 - Tests ability of system to recover in event of unexpected failure



ATP Test Outlines (cont.)

- T003 - Motor Controller Test
 - Tests ability of VSCADA system communicating with motor controller
- T004 - User Interface Test
 - Tests simultaneously functionality across all physical interfaces
- T005 - Data Logging Test
 - Tests successful and accurate logging and plotting of measurands



ATP Test Outlines (cont.)



- T006 - Wireless Link Communication Test
 - Tests successful communication between interfaces with minimal latency over wireless link
- T007 - Hardware Detection Test
 - Tests autodetection of sensors without software recompilation
- T008 - Rules Test
 - Tests setting of user defined alarm/shutdown rules

Cost Analysis

Embedded Computer

The 'Brain' of VSCADA

Embedded Linux System

LCD Display

Driver Dashboard Display

Miscellaneous Hardware

Supporting Hardware

Connectors

Unexpected Costs



Budget Summary

EXPENSE DESCRIPTION	TOTAL COST
Embedded Computer	\$200.00
Dashboard LCD Display	\$100.00
Wireless Radios	\$100.00
Power/Safety Loop Electronics	\$55.00
Interface Demonstration Microcontrollers	\$60.00
Miscellaneous Hardware Costs	\$235.00
TOTAL	\$750.00

Team Schedule Overview

- 15 week project
- first 9 weeks should design, build and test a simplified, working version
- Crucial deadlines:

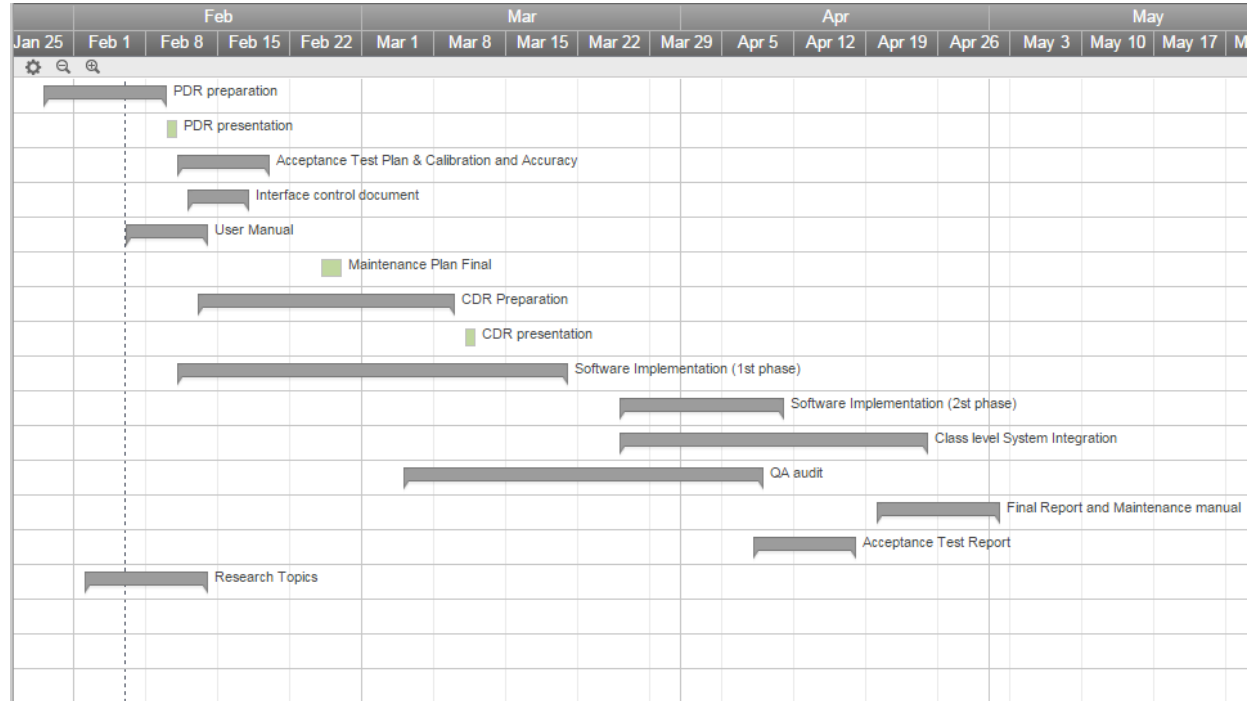
milestones	
Name	Due Date
PDR presentation	2/10/2015
CDR presentation	3/11/2015
phase one demonstration	3/25/2015
acceptance test	4/13/2015
final demonstration	5/1/2015

Deliverables	
PDR materials	2/8/2015
user manual	2/13/2015
calibration and accuracy	2/16/2015
acceptance test plan	2/19/2015
maintainability plan	2/26/2015
CDR materials	3/9/2015
QA audit report	4/8/2015
acceptance test report	4/17/2015
final report	4/27/2015



Team Schedule Overview (cont.)

- Timeline
- Has 12 main tasks, each with sub tasks



Team Schedule Overview (cont.)

- example part of the full task list
- shows tasks completed for PDR
- total of 103 tasks

TASK NAME	ID	LENGTH (DAYS)	START	FINISH
CDR Preparation	34			
Summary of Approved System Level Test Plan	35	2	2/20	2/23
Safety Plan	36	1	2/13	2/13
Updated System Design/System report draft	37	4	2/16	2/19
Detailed Specifications for each subsystems	38	3	2/17	2/19
Enhanced requirement analysis	39	3	2/17	2/19
Program budget	40	2	2/23	2/24
Revised Program schedule	41			
Update with current progress	42	1	2/25	2/25
List of completed/incomplete tasks	43	1	2/26	2/26
CDR material check/revisit	44	3	3/3	3/5
CDR write up/slide show	45	2	3/6	3/9
CDR Presentation	46	1	3/11	3/11

Team Schedule Overview (cont.)

- Individual tasks
 - Some are short tasks, required a day or two
 - Some are more complicated and may take more than one week, and the assignees are responsible for proposing his detailed weekly plan

task id	task name	Start Date	End Date
5	PDR preparation Requirements Analysis	1/29/2015	2/3/2015
7	Risk Assessment	2/3/2015	2/4/2015
101	Research sensors/protocols already on the system and possible additions	2/4/2015	2/9/2015
22	User manual: Block Diagram	2/9/2015	2/10/2015
26	User manual: FAQ	2/10/2015	2/12/2015
39	Enhanced requirement analysis	2/17/2015	2/19/2015
44	CDR material check/revisit	3/3/2015	3/5/2015
67	VCI: Dyno	2/27/2015	3/6/2015

Conclusion

- VSCADA is a subsystem of LFEV-Y3-2015 project. This preliminary design will serve as a baseline for the VSCADA team to enter a more detailed design phase.
- Moving forward, the VSCADA team will
 - expand and complete the Acceptance Test Plan
 - develop a user manual
 - finalize the breakdown of the system into implementable software modules
 - decide on the libraries and software tools to use
 - purchase the main interface, an embedded Linux device

Questions?

